



The Insider Threat

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Introduction

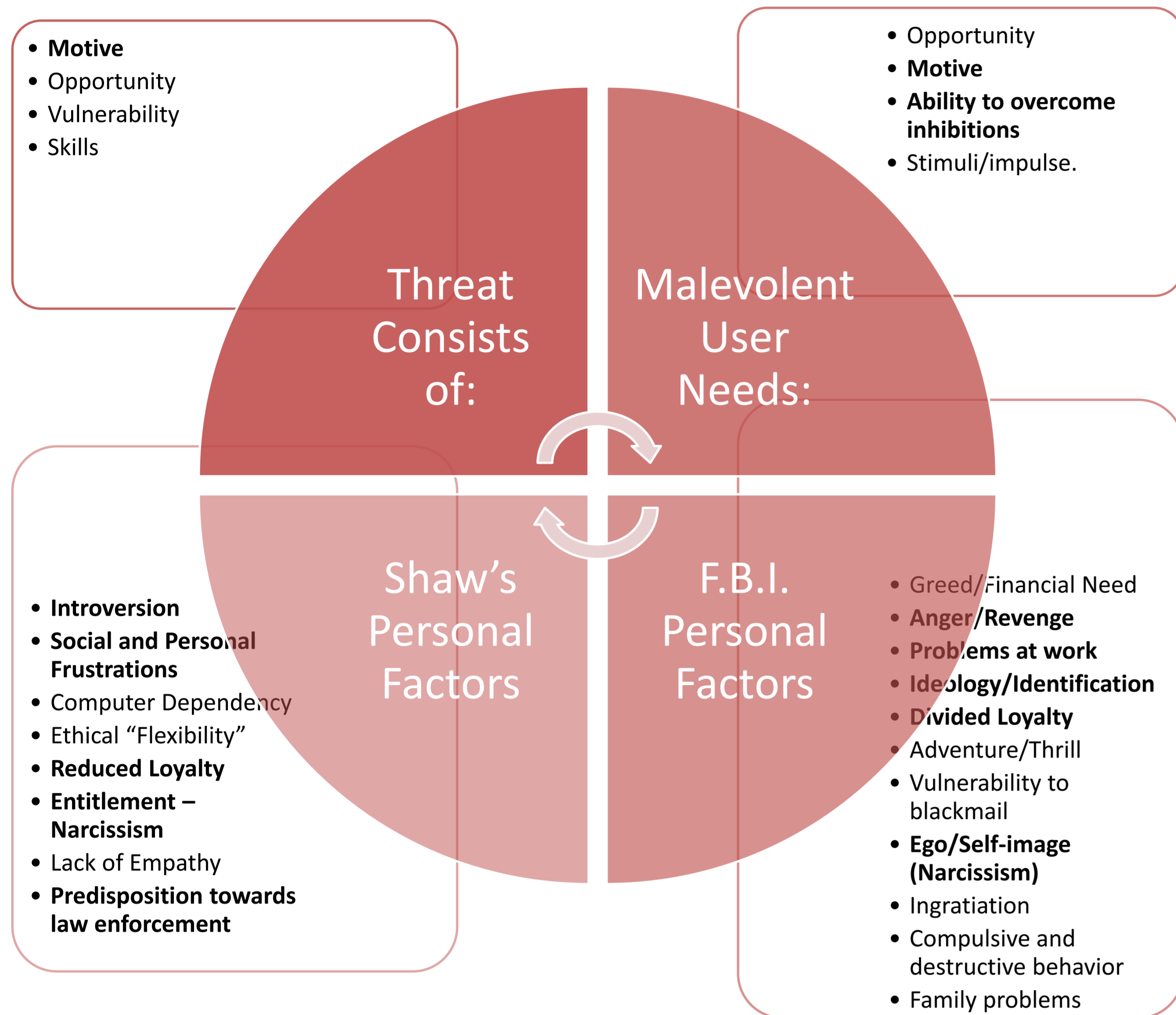
- ❑ **Insider threat:** Demanding problem in cyber/corporate security.
- ❑ **Malevolent insider:** Trusted user who violates security policy [1].
- ❑ Three major **fronts** in the battle against insider threat [2]:
 - Prediction
 - Detection
 - Prevention - Deterrence

Detection

- ❑ Numerous ideas, methods and techniques have been proposed (IDSs, honeypots, honey tokens, network sensors, log file analysis etc.).

Prediction

- ❑ Perform automated evaluations via social media & Open Source INTelligence.
- ❑ Examination of the predisposition towards malevolent behavior via Social Media.
- ❑ Draw conclusions over users' psychosocial traits to predict their behaviour [3].



Human Behavior Prediction – Insider Threat Understanding Augmentation

- General Deterrence Theory (GDT):** Person commits crime if expected benefit outweighs cost of action.
- Social Bond Theory (SBT):** Person commits crime if social bonds of attachment, commitment, involvement and belief are weak.
- Social Learning Theory (SLT):** Person commits crime if associates with delinquent peers, who transmit delinquent ideas, reinforce delinquency and function as delinquent role models.
- Theory of Planned Behavior (TPB):** Person's intention towards crime key factor in predicting his behavior. Intentions are shaped based on attitude, subjective norms and perceived behavioral control.
- Situational Crime Prevention (SCP):** Crime occurs when both motive and opportunity exist. Crime is reduced when no opportunities exist.

Twitter - Narcissism

- ❑ 41.818 fully crawled users (tweets, profile state, number of: lists, followings and followers, favorites, mentions, retweets).
- ❑ Predict the insider threat [4].
- ❑ Detect psychosocial characteristic of narcissistic behavior.
- ❑ Utilize usage deviation characteristics via graph theoretic analysis.
- ❑ Group homogeneity analysis.



Narcissistic Behavior Detection

Motive, Ego/Self-image, Entitlement

Theory of Planned Behavior, Social Learning Theory

Group Homogeneity Analysis

Motive, Problems at work, narcissism, entitlement

Social Bond Theory, Social Learning Theory

Law Enforcement Predisposition

Motive, Anger, Frustrations, Predisposition towards law enforcement

Social Learning Theory

Political Profiling

Motive, ideology, divided/reduced loyalty, predisposition towards law enforcement

Social learning theory, General Deterrence Theory

Conclusions

- ❑ Interdisciplinary approach towards the solution.
- ❑ User/usage profiling leads to classifying users into predefined categories.
- ❑ **Ethical and legal issues** arise (personality and privacy rights of affected persons).
- ❑ Intrusive nature dictates confined application to CI and key, decision-making personnel.
- ❑ This topic combines well with similar experience and publications of our Lab [8-12].

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YouTube

- 12.964 fully crawled users (profile, uploaded videos, subscriptions, favorite videos, playlists), 207.377 videos (license, number of likes/dislikes, category, tags) and 2.043.362 comments.
- Predict the insider threat.

Predisposition towards Law Enforcement

- Detect negative predisposition towards law enforcement and authorities [5].
- Utilize machine learning, content analysis and usage deviation.
- 2 different approaches:
- Comment/user classification and flat data classification results converge.

Ideology - Divided Loyalty

- Political profiling conclusion extraction [6].
- Radical – Neutral – Conservative clusters.
- Utilize machine learning and content analysis of the dataset.
- Achieved 87% accuracy.
- Developed Panopticon method.
- Highlight ethical issues.

